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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 18.12.2018 Version number 2 Revision: 31.03.2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: TENSAFOAM PAA5
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- Sector of Use
- SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
- · Product category PC35 Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)
- Application of the substance / the mixture Acidic cleaning product for use in food industry.
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Manufacturer/Supplier:

Tensio

Doornpark 36 9120 Beveren

Belgium

Tel.: +32 3 755 48 74 Fax.: +32 3 755 51 55 e-mail: info@tensio.be

- · Further information obtainable from: Product Safety Departement: SDS@tensio.be
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number: +44 700 393 7989

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS03 flame over circle

Ox. Liq. 1 H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.



GHS05 corrosion

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

- 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

- · Hazard pictograms GHS03, GHS05, GHS07
- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

hydrogen peroxide solution

peracetic acid

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkylderivs.

acetic acid

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· Hazard statements

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P283 Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· **PBT:** Not applicable. · **vPvB:** Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:	Dangerous components:		
CAS: 7722-84-1 EINECS: 231-765-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485845-22-XXXX	hydrogen peroxide solution Ox. Liq. 1, H271; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	10–25%	
CAS: 64-19-7 EINECS: 200-580-7	acetic acid Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H312	≥2.5–<10%	
CAS: 79-21-0 EINECS: 201-186-8	peracetic acid Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Org. Perox. D, H242; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332	≥2.5–<5%	
CAS: 85536-14-7 EINECS: 287-494-3	Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkylderivs. Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302	≥1–≤2.5%	

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

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· After inhalation:

Seek medical treatment in case of complaints.

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

· After skin contact:

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

· After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: burns, pain, redness.

Eye contact: lesions, irritations, pain, tearing, redness.

Inhalation: malaise, dizziness Ingestion: burns, irritation, pain.

· Hazards Danger of gastric perforation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. An eyewash is recommended in the immediate work area.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents:

Water

Water haze

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

Foam

Extinguishing powder

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Oxygen (O2)

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.
- · Additional information

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dilute with plenty water.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

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Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Do not seal receptacles gas-tight.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles.

Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas.

Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Provide ventilation for receptacles.

Store in a cool location.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from flammable substances.

Store away from reducing agents.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Protect from contamination.

Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the receptacle bursting.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
CAS: 7722-84-1 hyd	CAS: 7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution (10–25%)	
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 2.8 mg/m³, 2 ppm Long-term value: 1.4 mg/m³, 1 ppm	
CAS: 64-19-7 acetic acid (≥2.5–<10%)		
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 50 mg/m³, 20 ppm Long-term value: 25 mg/m³, 10 ppm	
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 50 mg/m³, 20 ppm Long-term value: 25 mg/m³, 10 ppm	

· Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

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- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection:

Use suitable respiratory protective device only when aerosol or mist is formed.

Short term filter device:

Filter B/P2

Filter B-CO-P2

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

Chloroprene rubber, CR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

http://industrialcatalogue.ansell.eu/en/chemicalagents

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Impervious protective clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information
- · Appearance:

Form: Fluid

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Colour: · Odour:	Colourless Characteristic
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.
· pH-value at 20 °C:	1.8
· Change in condition Melting point/freezing point: Initial boiling point and boiling range	Undetermined. 2: 105 °C
· Flash point:	Not applicable
· Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.
· Ignition temperature:	485 °C
· Decomposition temperature (SADT):	Not determined.
· Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product does not present an explosion hazard. Explosive when mixed with combustible material.
· Explosion limits:	
Lower:	4 Vol % 17 Vol %
Upper:	
· Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	23 hPa
Density at 20 °C:	1.12 g/cm³
Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapour density · Evaporation rate	Not determined. Not determined.
•	Not determined.
· Solubility in / Miscibility with water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.
· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not determined.
· Viscosity:	
Dynamic:	Not determined.
Kinematic:	Not determined.
· Solvent content:	
Organic solvents:	5.0 %
VOC (EC)	5.00 %
· 9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with various metals.

Reacts with reducing agents.

When diluting, always add acid to water, never vice versa.

Exothermic reaction.

Danger of bursting.

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Reacts with alkali (lyes).

Reacts with alkali and metals.

- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Oxygen

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:			
CAS: 772	CAS: 7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution		
Oral	LD50	1,190 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	>6,500 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/ 4h	2 mg/l (rat)	
CAS: 79-2	CAS: 79-21-0 peracetic acid		
Oral	LD50	500 mg/kg (ATE)	
Dermal	LD50	1,100 mg/kg (ATE)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	11 mg/l (ATE)	

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

- · Serious eye damage/irritation
- Causes serious eye damage.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

	· Aquatic toxicity:		
I	CAS: 79-21-0 peracetic acid		
Ī	LC50/ 96h	0.9–2 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
l	EC50/ 48h	0.5–1 mg/l (Daphnia magna)	

· 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The surfactants contained in the product correspond to the legislation on the environmental compatibility of detergents and are biodegradable.

· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water an accumulation in organisms is not expected.

· 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

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· Additional ecological information:

· General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

The surfactants ingredients of the product are biodegradable according to the requirements of regulation 648/2004/EC.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to decreased pH-values. A low pH-value harms aquatic organisms. In the dilution of the use-level the pH-value is considerably increased, so that after the use of the product the aqueous waste, emptied into drains, is only low water-dangerous.

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Can be reused after reprocessing.

Small amounts may be diluted with plenty of water and washed away. Dispose of bigger amounts in accordance with Local Authority requirements.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation:

Packaging may be reused or recycled after cleaning.

Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3149
14.2 UN proper shipping name	
· ADR	UN3149 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND
	PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED
· IMDG, IATA	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC
	ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED
· Class	5.1 Oxidising substances.
· Label	5.1+8
· Class	5.1 Oxidising substances.
· Label	5.1/8
· Class	5.1 Oxidising substances.
· Label	5.1 (8)
· ADR	II . ,
· IMDG, IATA	1
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	
· Narine pollutant:	No

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• 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Oxidising substances.

Danger code (Kemler):

· EMS Number: F-H,S-Q · Segregation groups Peroxides

Stowage Category

Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat.
Segregation Code SG16 Stow "separated from" class 4.1

SG59 Stow "separated from" permanganates

SG72 See 7.2.6.3.2.

· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II

of Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable.

· Limited quantities (LQ) 1L

· Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E2

Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

· Transport category 2 · Tunnel restriction code E

· UN "Model Regulation": UN 3149 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND

PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE, STABILIZED,

5.1 (8), II

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

- · Hazard pictograms GHS03, GHS05, GHS07
- Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

hydrogen peroxide solution

peracetic acid

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkylderivs.

acetic acid

· Hazard statements

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

· Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P283 Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

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P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

· Directive 2012/18/EU

- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category P8 OXIDISING LIQUIDS AND SOLIDS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3
- · National regulations:

_	
Class	Share in %
ll ll	5.0

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

· Contact:

Wim Lampaert

MSc Chemistry

Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3

Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids – Category 1

Org. Perox. D: Organic peroxides - Type C/D

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard - Category 1

* Data compared to the previous version altered.